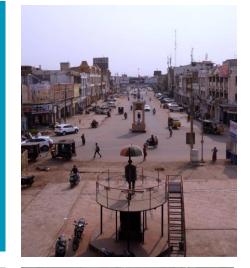


Moving towards water secure and climate resilient cities: A case of Gandhidham

Aasim Mansuri on behalf of CWAS team Sr. Program Lead









16th May 2025











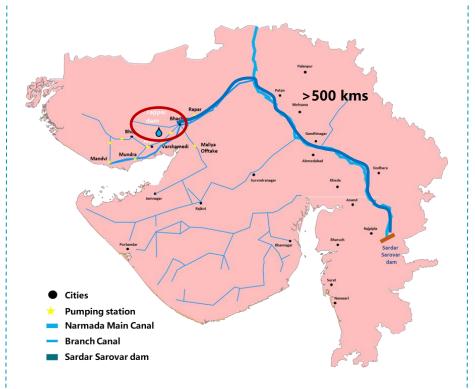
Need of Water Security in Kachchh







- **Arid region** with 430mm annual rainfall (vs. 1152mm national average)
- Chronically drought prone region with a **frequency** of once in every 2.5 years



- Over exploitation of ground water
- Salt water intrusion
- Dependent on Narmada Water

Printed from THE TIMES OF INDIA

Rains pound Gandhidham, Anjar towns in Kutch

Rajkot: Heavy rain lashed Kutch's commercial city Gandhidham and Anjar on Saturday evening causing severe water-logging in many areas. However, the people welcomed the rain that gave them some respite from the





Climate change effects-**Frequent Urban flooding scenario** in major parts of the cities





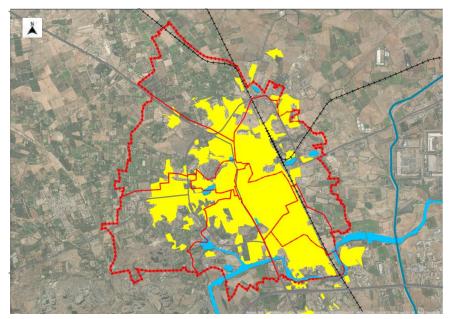


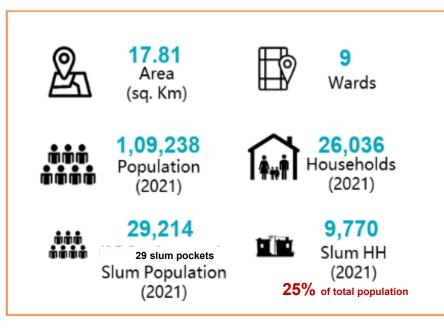




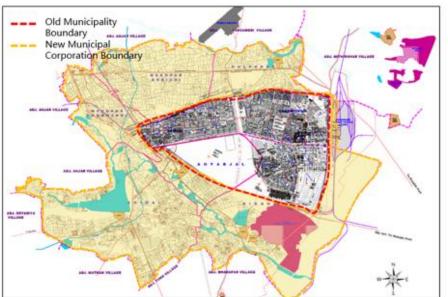


Study Area - Anjar and Gandhidham...











- Kachchh is the largest district of **Gujarat State**;
- Spread over **45,674 km2**
- Kachchh region falls under aridsemi arid zone













Study Objective- Anjar and Gandhidham...



Assessment of Existing water Situation in both the cities



To develop water security action plan



Implementation of Pilot Demonstrations



Documentation and Dissemination











CWAS's Unique Approach for sustainable outcomes...

MoU with local government

Action-research projects at local level **Exposure visit to pilot** projects, developing tools and guidelines

Scaling up lessons from local experiences at district/state level

For ownership and sustainability of project

For showcasing success and impacts on ground

For awareness, capacity building and system strengthening For scaling up- working at all levels of government and knowledge sharing













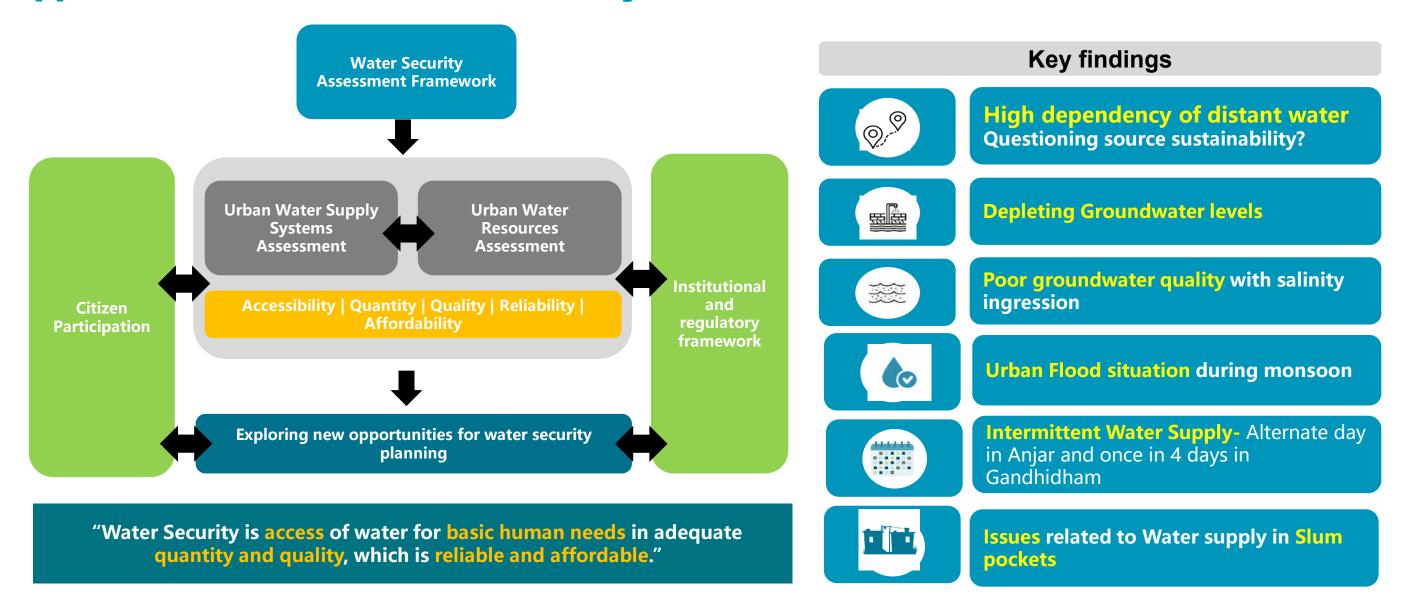








Water security assessment framework help identify key issues and opportunities around water security in both cities





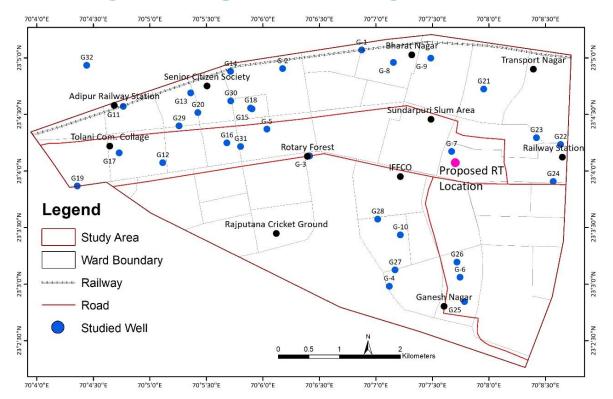




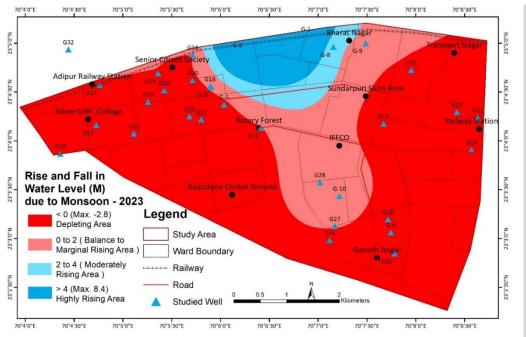


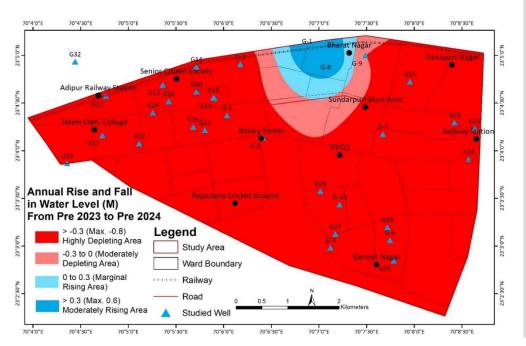


Geohydrological study for understanding aquifer and watershed of cities



To understand groundwater occurrence, detailed well inventory of multiple wells





- To understand Seasonal and annual changes in GW levels, comparing rise and fall in GW levels in observation wells.
- Changes categorized into four categories.
- Pre and post monsoon ground water quality is also checked.



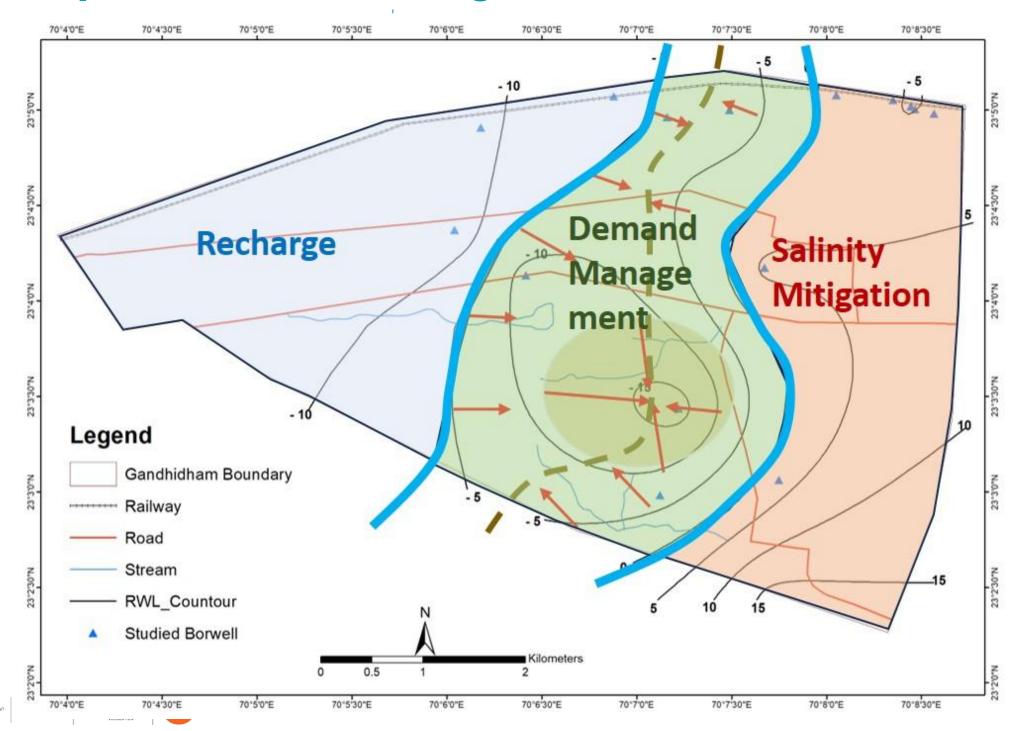






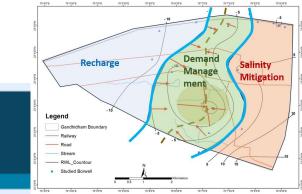


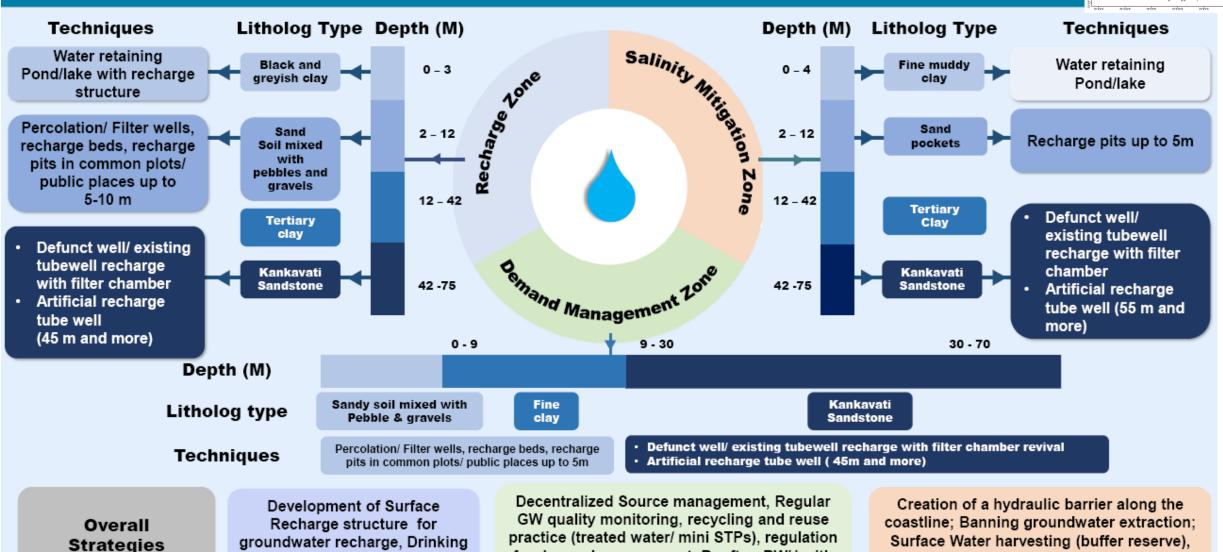
Identification of potential water recharge zones...



Identification zone-wise Groundwater recharge techniques

Zone-wise Recharge Techniques





for demand management, Rooftop RWH with

Storage tanks

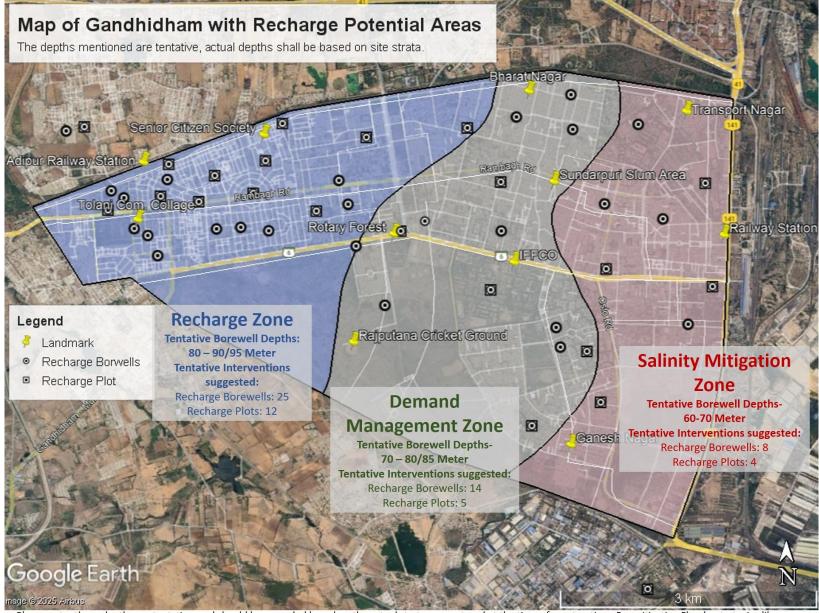




water Source Development

Surface Water harvesting (buffer reserve), and Shallow filter wells

Zone wise Map of Gandhidham with Recharge Potential Areas



Please note- these depths are tentative, and should be amended based on the actual strata encountered at the time of construction. For mitigating Floods, strategies like Borewell along with Filter bed, Recharge plot etc. is to be considered based on volume of water available in the area additionally, Recharge Pit, Percolation wells are also required.

- CWAS CENTER FOR WATER AND SANITATION CROFT CEPT
- ARID COMMUNITIES
 TECHNÖLOGIES

- Zone wise public/ institutional buildings with large campus or flooding zones of the city were identified.
- Strategy shared with the city officials and preliminary visits were carried out to check availability of land and willingness of the beneficiary.
- City adapted this strategy and considered
 100+ properties for GW recharge with
 state government/ MLA funds.

Impactful demonstration projects: Images from the ground

Rainwater Harvesting and Groundwater recharge @ Gandhidham



Anganwadi no-85



3 school cluster- Kanya Shala, Kumar shala and Hindi Shala















Impactful demonstration projects: Successfully implemented multiple rainwater harvesting and groundwater recharge structures

Groundwater recharge structures @ Anjar to mitigate urban flooding and improve depleting Ground Water levels









Gokulnagar

Marutinagar

APMC

Swami Vivekanand school











Community engagement, awareness and capacity building

Jal Sanrakshan Mela – 1200+ attendees













Awareness program - 30,000+ people









Viksit Bharat, Government program

Ramnavmi Mela

Sstudents and teachers awareness program

Capacity building for - 100+ professionals











Multiple Stakeholder consultations



residents





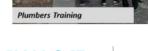






Multiple Stakeholder consultations with govt officals

Field visit to capture good practices in and around kachchh













Scaling up at city and district level

Discussion with various stakeholders

Discussion with APMC Secretary, for developing RWH at APMC building and further scale up in +60 near by villages at Taluka level





Discussion with **Development Authority** – Anjar Area Development **Authority and** Gandhidham **Development Authority**



Discussion with Taluka **Panchayat** Education Officer for further scale up in school in Anjar and Gandhidham



Discussion with Sindhu Resettlement **Corporation** about the study and potential location for developing GWR structures to mitigate urban flooding situation in Gandhidham



Round Table meeting with Gandhidham Chamber of commerce (GCCI) for various potential scaleup initiatives



Discussions planned with Collector, MP and MLA for scaling up activities at district-level and with Urban Development Department (UDD) and Gujarat Urban Development Mission (GUDM) for state-level scale-up through ongoing government programs











Replication interest for RWH/GWR from Various Stakeholders



Industrialist: Gandhidham Chambers of Commerce Agarwalla Timbers





City governments: Gandhidham, Anjar, Morbi, Surendranagar and other cities of Gujarat



Residential colonies:

Navratna society, Individual households



Sector partners:

Rotary Club Inner wheel women club Kanya Vidhyalay Marwadi Samaj

CWAS supported through technical assistance . . .











RWH theme park in Gandhidham in partnership with SRC

Adisar Pond – As RWH Theme Park









The city has developed a human-made water body named Adisar Pond, which is a recreational spot for the city and is operated and maintained by SRC. The pond has an **existing Groundwater recharge** structure.



Rainwater Harvesting Systemfor Drinking Purpose and Display screen



Existing Groundwater Recharge System - Groundwater Replenish



Rainwater Harvesting System -Traditional Practice of conservation



Ground Water Recharge through Filter Bed

SRC to fund 20% of total project cost, bringing partnership and ownership in the project

Adisar Pond will be developed into **RWH Theme park** in tune with Bangalore RWH Theme Park – first for the State









Impacts and Achievements of 2.8 years of our work...



40,000+ Litres fresh water available for

3000+ students, through **Rainwater Harvesting Project**



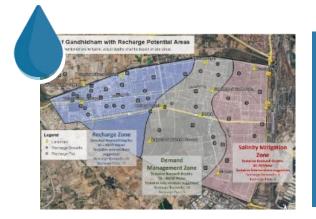
1200+ visitors

from various walks of life visited the Jal Sanrakshan Mela, including MP, MLA, **Government Officials, Development Authority, Armed forces, villagers, citizens**



56+ million

litres groundwater recharging annually through GWR equivalent to drinking water for 10,000 + HHs



INR 3 Cr.

Invested by the state government in

50+ ground water recharge, leveraging CWAS pilot projects to mitigate urban flooding and in 35+ Institutional/school buildings.



100+

Professional trained

and made aware about the importance of RWH/GWR including **Engineers, teachers, plumbers etc.**



Development of 1st Rainwater Harvesting (RWH) Theme Park of **Gujarat**

in collaboration with Sindhu **Resettlement Corporation**











A collaborative approach to move towards water secure and climate resilient cities...



























THANK YOU

CWAS FOR WATER AND SANITATION



CEPT UNIYERSITY

